

Description

Model: INK-100 is a sort of cation exchange resin that has sulfonic group (-SO3H) in the styrene-diethylene benzene copolymer with 7% cross-linked degree. It is used mainly to soft hard water and produce pure water, as well as used in the hydro-metallurgy and sugar producing and medicine and no sodium glutamate industry, it can be used as catalyzer and dehydrating agent.

- Dehydrating Agent
- Catalysts



Features

High Ion Exchange Capacity

Effectively reduces water hardness and purifies water with high efficiency.

Stable Physical and Chemical Properties

Maintains stability under various operating conditions, ensuring long-term performance.

Versatile Industrial Applications Suitable for multiple industries, including sugar refining, pharmaceuticals, and hydrometallurgy.

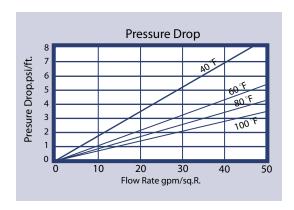
Uniform Particle Size

Consistent resin bead size ensures efficient water flow and minimal pressure drop.

Chemically Safe Composition

Designed with materials suitable for water treatment and industrial applications.

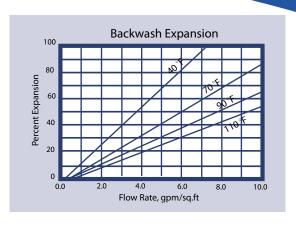
HYDRAULIC PROPERTIES





The graph above shows expected pressure loss per foot of bed depth as a function of flow rate, at various temperatures.





BACKWASH

After each cycle the resin bed should be backwashed at a rate that expands the bed 25 to 50 percent. This will remove any foreign matter and reclassify the bed. The graph below shows the expansion characteristics of INK-100 in the sodium form.

Typical Physical and Chemical Properties:

| ITEMS | DATA |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Appearance | Palm Yellow to burnt brown spherical grain |
| lonic Form | Na [†] |
| Moisture Content (%) | 45 ~ 50 |
| Total Exchange Capacity (mmol/g) | ≥ 4.5 |
| Total Exchange Capacity (mmol/ml) | ≥ 1.9 |
| Shipping Weight (g/ml) | 0.77 ~ 0.87 |
| True Density (g/ml) | 1.250 ~ 1.290 |
| Particle Size Range (%) | (0.315mm ~ 1.250mm) ≥ 95.0 |
| Effective Size (mm) | 0.400 ~ 0.700 |
| Uniformity Coefficient | ≤ 1.60 |
| Sphericiity After Attrition (%) | ≥ 90 |





